

TENTH CLASS MODEL PAPER (AP)

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - II (2022)

SOCIAL STUDIES (English Version)

Time: 3 Hrs. 15 Min.

Max.Marks: 100

Instructions:

- 1) 15 minutes of time is allotted to read the question paper and 3 hours for writing the answers.
- 2) All answers should be written in the separate answer booklet.
- 3) The paper consists of 4 sections and 33 questions.
- 4) There is an internal choice in Section - IV.
- 5) In question number 33 both India map and World map should be answered separately.

SECTION - I

Note: i) Answer All questions.

12 × 1 = 12

ii) Each question carries 1 mark.

iii) If any question is answered more than once in this section, the earlier answer will only be considered.

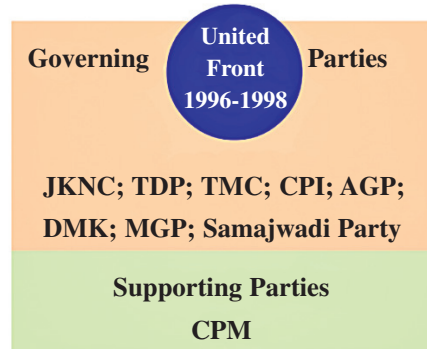
1. In which monsoon season India receives highest rainfall?
2. Which of the following sector do not produce goods directly?
a) Primary Sector b) Secondary Sector c) Tertiary Sector
3. Expand the term GDP.
4. Based on the relationship between the first pair, complete the blank in the second pair.
The youngest folded mountains : The Himalayas : : The oldest folded mountains : ?
5. Identify the incorrect pair.
a) The largest peninsular river - Godavari
b) The river which flow through rift valley - Narmada
c) West flowing pernnial river - Ganga
6. Who gave the slogan 'Do or Die'?
7. Arrange the following Prime Ministers of India in chronological order as per their tenure. Jawaharlal Nehru, Indira Gandhi, Morarjee Desai, LalBahadur Sastri
8. Match the following.
i) Allied Powers () a) Germany, Italy, Japan
ii) Axis Powers () b) India, Indonesia, Sri Lanka
iii) NAM countries () c) Britain, France, Russia

9. Read the table and answer the following question.

Year	Agriculture	Industry	Services
1972 - 73	74%	11%	15%
2009 - 10	53%	22%	25%

Q. How much percentage of people engaged in primary sector in India? What is the reason for it?

10. Read the information and answer the following question.



Q. Which parties were in the United Front Government?

11. Identify the person, who established TDP in Andhra Pradesh?



12. Observe the following map and answer the question.



Q. Name the line which latitude runs across the middle of India?

SECTION - II

Note: i) Answer All the questions.

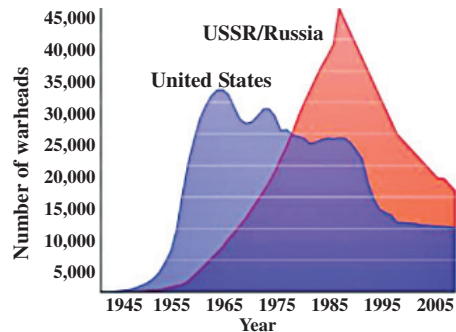
8 × 2 = 16

ii) Each question carries 2 marks.

13. What is disguised unemployment?

14. Write the names of the main relief features of India.

15. What are the immediate cause for the outbreak of world war - I and II?
16. What is a coalition government?
17. Based on the information given in the graph below, mention any four aspects of the cold war.



US and USSR nuclear stockpiles

18. Write any two slogans on population control.
19. Name the two Union Territories which were recently formed.
20. 'Himachal Pradesh has a better human development ranking than Punjab'. Is it possible? Support your answer.

SECTION - III

Note: i) Answer All the questions.

8 × 4 = 32

ii) Each question carries 4 marks.

21. What is the influence of Himalayas on Indian agriculture?
22. What is Panchsheel Pact?
23. Prepare a table by classifying the given political parties into national parties and regional parties.
BJP, Congress Party, DMK, TDP, BSP, CPI, AGP, TMC, YSRCP, CPI(M)
24. How is climate change causing global warming? Suggest measures to minimise the global warming.
25. In what ways industrialisation has created the conditions for modern wars?
26. Answer the following questions based on the given map.



- i) What is the west flowing perennial river?
- ii) What are the five tributaries of river Indus?
- iii) Which river is known as Padma in Bangladesh?
- iv) Name the west flowing peninsular river in the given map.

27. Prepare a few slogans on water conservation.
28. Suggest the ways to stop the wars and preserve peace.

SECTION - IV

Note: i) Answer All the questions.

5 × 8 = 40

ii) Each question carries 8 marks.

iii) Each question has an internal choice.

29. a) The Sun rises two hours earlier in Arunachal Pradesh compared to Gujarat, but clocks show the same time. How does this happen?

(OR)

b) What is the relationship between women work outside their home and gender bias?

30. a) How did the idea of nation states and nationalism influence the desire for war during world wars?

(OR)

b) What are the consequences of world wars?

31. a) Read the following paragraph and interpret on it.

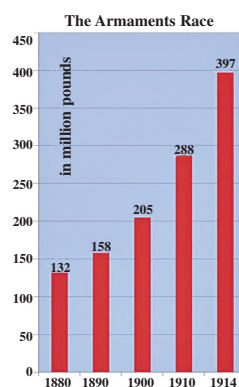
'Supposing you find two people arguing: one is saying globalisation has hurt our country's development. The other is telling, globalisation is helping India develop'.

How would you respond to these arguments?

(OR)

b) Identify and list arguments that would support or oppose use of ground water in various contexts such as agriculture, industry etc.

32. a) Read the time - line chart and answer the following questions.



Military expenditure by great powers
(Germany, Austria - Hungary, Great Britain,
Russia, Italy and France 1880 -1914.)

- i) What does the graph show?
- ii) What are the triple alliance countries among the given countries under graph?
- iii) What is the reason for military expenditure high in 1914?
- iv) What are the triple entente countries among these six?

(OR)

b) Observe the given information and answer the questions.



i) In which year Rajiv Gandhi was assassinated and by whom?

ii) Who was the founder of TDP?

iii) Who became the prime minister of India after the end of emergency?

iv) Who was responsible for operation blue star?

33. a) Locate the following on the outline map of India.

- 1) Highest mountain peak in the world - Mt. Everest
- 2) Southern most tip of the Indian main land - Kanyakumari
- 3) Capital of India - Delhi
- 4) Kundankulam Nuclear power plant located in - Tamilnadu

(OR)

- 5) River Godavari
- 6) The Plateau which is rich in minerals - Chotanagapur Plateau
- 7) Highest point in peninsular Plateau – Anaimudi
- 8) Circar Coast

b) Locate the following on the given World outline map.

- 1) The country related with Nazi party - Germany
- 2) The Asian country which joined with axis powers - Japan
- 3) Danzing port located in - Poland
- 4) England

(OR)

- 5) The country related with Fascism - Italy
- 6) Bangladesh
- 7) The country located in two continents - Russia
- 8) The Asian country in the Security Council of the UNO - China

ANSWERS

SECTION - I

1. In which monsoon season India receives highest rainfall?

A: Southwest Monsoon

2. Which of the following sector do not produce goods directly?

a) Primary Sector b) Secondary Sector c) Tertiary Sector

A: Tertiary Sector (Service Sector)

3. Expand the term GDP.

A: Gross Domestic Product

4. Based on the relationship between the first pair, complete the blank in the second pair.

The youngest folded mountains : The Himalayas :: The oldest folded mountains : ?

A: The Aravali Ranges

5. Identify the incorrect pair.

a) The largest peninsular river - Godavari

b) The river which flow through rift valley - Narmada

c) West flowing perennial river – Ganga

A: West flowing perennial river – Ganga

6. Who gave the slogan 'Do or Die'?

A: Mahatma Gandhi

7. Arrange the following Prime Ministers of India in chronological order as per their tenure.

Jawaharlal Nehru, Indira Gandhi, Morarjee Desai, Lal Bahadur Sastri

A: Jawaharlal Nehru, Lal Bahadur Sashtri, Indira Gandhi, Morarjee Desai.

8. Match the following.

i) Allied Powers () a) Germany, Italy, Japan

ii) Axis Powers () b) India, Indonesia, Sri Lanka

iii) NAM countries () c) Britain, France, Russia

A: i-c, ii-a, iii-b

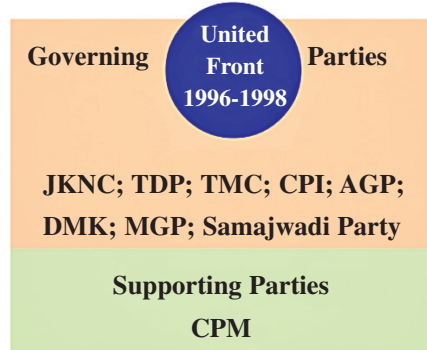
9. Read the table and answer the following question.

Year	Agriculture	Industry	Services
1972 - 73	74%	11%	15%
2009 - 10	53%	22%	25%

Q. How much percentage of people engaged in primary sector in India? What is the reason for it?

A: 74%, Because India is an agricultural country.

10. Read the information and answer the following question.



Q. Which parties were in the United Front Government?

A: JKNC, TMC, AGP, CPI, DMK, MGP and Samajwadi Party.

11. Identify the person, who established TDP in Andhra Pradesh?



A: N.T.Rama Rao

12. Observe the following map and answer the question.



Q. Name the line which latitude runs across the middle of India?

A: Tropic of Cancer.

SECTION - II

13. What is disguised unemployment?

A: ❖ Where people are apparently working but all of them are made to work less than their potential is called disguised unemployment.

❖ It is also known as underemployment.

14. Write the names of the main relief features of India.

A: The Physical features of India are

- i) The Himalayas ii) Northern plains iii) The Peninsular plateau
- iv) The Indian desert v) The Coastal plains vi) The Islands

15. What are the immediate cause for the outbreak of world war - I and II?

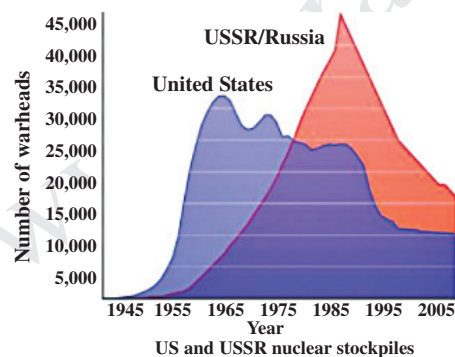
A: ❖ The immediate provocation for world war I is murder of Archduke Ferdinand of Austria.

❖ The immediate provocation for world war II is Germany invasion over Poland.

16. What is a coalition government?

A: When none of the parties secure an absolute majority in the general election, then forms a coalition government which consists of more than two parties to form a government.

17. Based on the information given in the graph below, mention any four aspects of the cold war.



A: ● After world war II the world has been divided into two main political blocks.

● USSR led socialistic block and USA led capitalistic block.

● Both the USA and the USSR competed for nuclear stock piles.

● The USSR competed with the USA and increased stock piles.

● By 2005 both countries reduced their stocks of nuclear weapons.

18. Write any two slogans on population control.

A: ● Control the population and save the earth.

● Keep one which is good for you.

19. Name the two Union Territories which were recently formed.

A: i) Laddakh ii) Jammu and Kashmir

20. 'Himachal Pradesh has a better human development ranking than Punjab'. Is it possible? Support your answer.

A: ● The per capita income does not show human development.

● Money cannot give us all our necessities to live happily.

● Per capita income is high in Punjab than Himachal Pradesh.

● Himachal Pradesh has better human development than Punjab.

● Himachal Pradesh has other facilities than Punjab like health and education facilities.

SECTION - III

21. What is the influence of Himalayas on Indian agriculture?

- A: ● Himalayan rivers carried the sediments and deposited in the northern plains, these are the most fertile alluvial soils.
- Himalayas are the birth place for many perennial rivers.
 - The perennial rivers provide irrigation facilities in northern plains.
 - The Himalayas protect India from the cold winds of central Asia.
 - Himalayan region suitable for construction of multi purpose project.
 - Himalayas are responsible for causing rainfall in the plains during summer season.
 - The Himalayan ranges keep the country warm. It helps to cultivate varieties of crops.
 - Himalayas have many tourist attractions with dunes and summer hill stations.

22. What is Panchsheel Pact?

- A: The five principles of peaceful co-existence known as Panchsheel.

Five Principles are:

- Respect for each other's sovereignty
- Non interference in each other's internal affairs
- Settlement of disputes with mutual understanding
- Co-operation for mutual benefits
- Mutual non aggression

23. Classify the given political parties into national parties and regional parties.

BJP, Congress Party, DMK, TDP, BSP, CPI, AGP, TMC, YSRCP, CPI(M)

- A: **National Parties:** BJP, Congress Party, CPI, CPI(M), BSP

Regional Parties: TDP, YSRCP, AGP, DMK, TMC

24. How is climate change causing global warming? Suggest measures to minimise the global warming.

- A: Quick changes in climate due to a) Industrialisation b) Deforestation c) Population explosion
d) Mining

This change in climate causing global warming

- Measures to minimise the global warming
- Control population growth
- Promote afforestation
- Reduce mining extraction activity
- Regulate industrialisation
- Encourage public transportation
- Reduce the use of chemical fertilisers and pesticides

25. In what ways industrialisation has created the conditions for modern wars?

- A:
- Industrialization had many negative impacts on the world.
 - The Industrial Revolution led to more war technologies, like tanks, new guns, and even armor.
 - These new weapons could kill faster, more efficiently, and on a larger scale than ever before.
 - Thus industrialisation has created conditions for modern wars.
 - So I agree with this statement.

26. Answer the following questions based on the given map.



- i) What is the west flowing perennial river?
- ii) What are the five tributaries of river Indus?
- iii) Which river is known as Padma in Bangladesh?
- iv) Name the west flowing peninsular river in the given map.

- A:
- i) River Indus
 - ii) Sutlej, Jhelum, Chenab, Ravi, Beas
 - iii) Ganga
 - iv) Tapi

27. Prepare a few slogans on water conservation.

- A:
- Save water and it will save you
 - Without water there is no life and future
 - Bright future begin with pure water
 - Store water for dry days
 - Harvest rainwater for tomorrow
 - Water is a treasure - Preserve it for future

28. Suggest the ways to stop the wars and preserve peace.

- A:
- International peace organizations must take initiative to resolve the problems among nations.
 - The armaments race must be stopped.
 - All nations must negotiate with the other countries in resolving issues of conflict.
 - International organizations like NAM, UNO and other peace keeping organizations must intervene in the issues of conflict between nations and end the issues with peaceful dialogue.
 - War is destructive. No one desires war. The winning and losing nations affected by war destruction.

SECTION - IV

29. a) The Sun rises two hours earlier in Arunachal Pradesh compared to Gujarat, but clocks show the same time. How does this happen?

- A:
- Arunachal Pradesh is in the eastern most part of India.
 - Gujarat is in the western most part of India.
 - The longitudinal difference between these two places is 30° .
 - It causes the difference of two hours in between these places. ($30 \times 4 = 120$ min).
 - To remove the time differences, the time is decided on a central meridian.
 - That is called standard meridian.
 - The time at $82 \frac{1^\circ}{2}$ east longitude is taken as Indian standard time.
 - Because of this reason, all the watches show the same time.

(OR)

b) What is the relationship between women work outside their home and gender bias?

- A:
- Now the disparity between men and women in the work places is a common issue.
 - Gender discrimination is possible in modern organization.
 - Women facing gender bias when it comes their career.
 - In general perception that women are less capable than men.
 - The disparity also seen in the wages.
 - There is an inverse relation between working women and gender bias.
 - Women role in public is minimal.
 - But as of today women involved in every social activity.

30. a) How did the idea of nation states and nationalism influence the desire for war during world wars?

- A:
- The ideology of nationalism was a positive impulse.
 - Nationalism was the foundation of modern states.
 - But it later becomes aggressive.
 - It is created pride oneself and hatred against neighbors.
 - Nazi Germans mobilized against other European countries.
 - These incidents led to wars.
 - Aggressive nationalism of Germany and Italy causes the world wars.
 - Thus we can say the idea of nationalism led to world wars

(OR)

b) What are the consequences of world wars?

- A:
- World wars had a long lasting impact on society.
 - The major consequence of the wars was deaths.
 - 10 million people were killed in the world war - I and 20 to 25 million in the world war - II.
 - The two wars brought by undemocratic governments.
 - With world war - I German empire, Austro - Hungarian empires and Russian empire came to an end.
 - The Ottoman empire was replaced by a democratic and secular state of Turkey.
 - After the end of world war - I an international organization league of nations formed.
 - After world war - II an international organisation UNO was formed on 24th october 1945.
 - After the end of world war - II hundreds of countries walked into independence.

31. a) Read the following Paragraph and interpret on it.

'Supposing you find two people arguing: one is saying globalisation has hurt our country's development. The other is telling, globalisation is helping India develop'.

How would you respond to these arguments?

A: **Positive impacts:**

- Increase the trade in goods and services.
- Increase the output and employment.
- Foreign investment flow.
- Share of knowledge amount the nations.

Negative impacts:

- It may not provide employment for unskilled workers.
- It may lead to income inequalities within the countries.
- Domestic companies would shut down, they can't compete with foreign products.
- They may pollute the environment.

Conclusion: I am accepting globalization, because of cultural exchange and availability of good quality products. But governments must also protect small units and the rights of the labourers.

(OR)

b) Identify and list arguments that would support or oppose use of ground water in various contexts such as agriculture, industry etc.

A: In India ground water is a major source of water for agriculture and industries.

Support the use of ground water:

- Ground water is major source for drinking.
- 90% of ground water in India is used for irrigation.
- So, use of ground water is required for development of the nation.

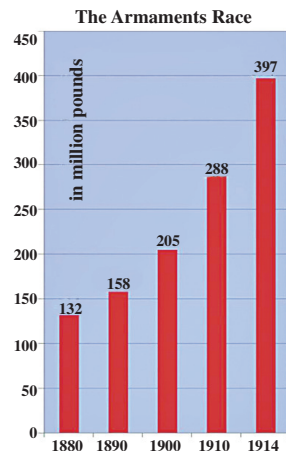
Oppose the use of ground water:

- Over use of ground water is leading to ground water depletion.
- The deeply dug bore wells will reduce the ground water level.

Ways to preserve ground water:

Dig bore wells for drinking water purpose only, prohibit water intensive crops, afforestation must be encouraged, every household must dig soaking pits and grow trees.

32. a) Read the time - line chart and answer the following questions.



Military expenditure by great powers
(Germany, Austria - Hungary, Great Britain, Russia, Italy and France 1880 -1914.)

- What does the graph show?
- What are the triple alliance countries among the given countries under graph?
- What is the reason for military expenditure high in 1914?
- What are the triple entente countries among these six?

- A:**
- The graph shows the military expenditure by Germany, Italy, Austria - Hungary, Britain, France and Russia.
 - Germany, Austria - Hungary, Italy.
 - Due to the world war - I military expenditure was high in 1914.
 - Britain, France, Russia.

(OR)

b) Observe the given information and answer the questions.

End of emergency and formation of Janata Party government under Morarji Desai and Charan Singh	1977
Formation of Congress government led by Indira Gandhi	1980
Formation of TDP	1982
Operation Blue Star and Assassination of Indira Gandhi	1984
Rajiv Gandhi accords with HS Longowal on Punjab and ASSU on Assam	1985
Accord with Mizo National Front	1986
Agreement with Sri Lanka	1987
Election and formation of Janata Dal government with VP Singh and Chandra Shekar	1989
Decision to implement Mandal Commission recommendation	1990
Ram Jannabhumi Rath Yatra	1990
Assassination of Rajiv Gandhi and government led by Congress party with PV Narasimha Rao as PM	1991
Economic liberalisation	1991
Demolition of Babri Masjid	1992
National Front government with Deve Gowda and IK Gujral as PMs	1996
NDA government led by AB Vajpayee	1998

- In which year Rajiv Gandhi was assassinated and by whom?
- Who was the founder of TDP?
- Who became the prime minister of India after the end of emergency?
- Who was responsible for operation blue star?

- A:**
- Rajiv Gandhi was assassinated by the LTTE terrorists in 1991.
 - Telugu Desam Party founded by NTR in 1982.
 - Morarjee Desai in 1977.
 - Indira Gandhi was responsible for 'Operation blue star'.

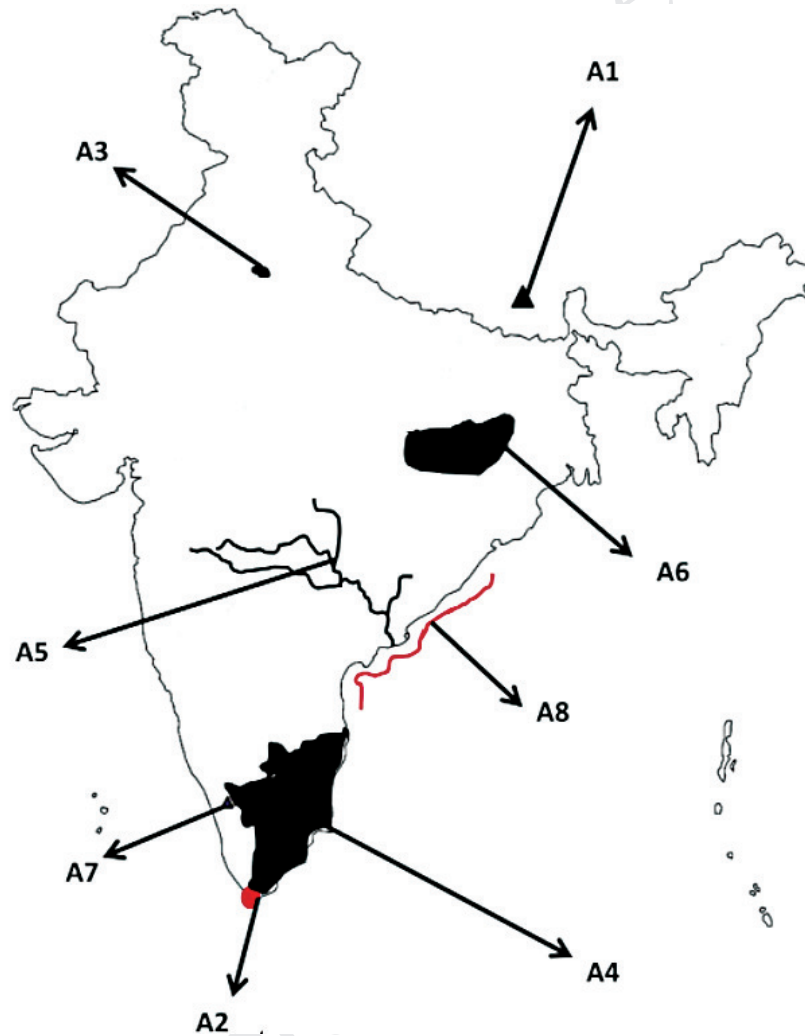
33. a) Locate the following on the outline map of India.

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- 5) River Godavari
- 6) The Plateau which is rich in minerals - Chotanagapur Plateau
- 7) Highest point in peninsular Plateau - Anaimudi
- 8) Circar Coast

A:



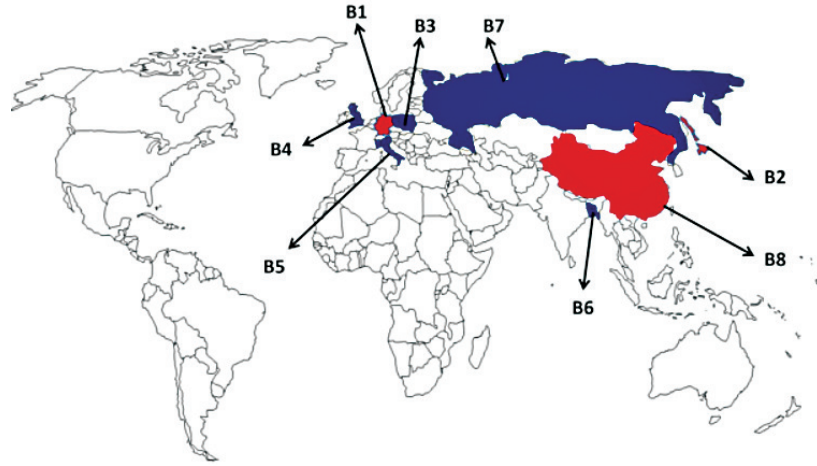
b) Locate the following on the given World outline map.

- 1) The country related with Nazi party - Germany
- 2) The Asian country which joined with axis powers - Japan
- 3) Danzing port located in - Poland
- 4) England

(OR)

- 5) The country related with Fascism - Italy
- 6) Bangladesh
- 7) The country located in two continents - Russia
- 8) The Asian country in the Security Council of the UNO - China

A:



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